Shrachi Burdwan Developers
Private Limited
Statutory Audit for the year
ended 31 March 2019

BSR&Co.LLP

Chartered Accountants

Godrej Waterside, Unit No. 603 6th Floor, Tower 1, Plot No 5, Block - DP Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata - 700091 Telephone: +91 33 4035 4200 Fax: +91 33 4035 4295

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited** ["the Company"], which comprise the standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019, the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, the standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein referred to as "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2019, the profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Board of Director's report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

B S R & Co. (a partnership firm with Registration No. BA61223) converted into B S R & Co. LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP Registration No. AAB-8181) with effect from October 14, 2013

Registered Office: 5th Floor, Lodha Excelus Apollo Mills Compound N.M. Joshi Marg, Mahalakshmi

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, the profit and its cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss and the standalone statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"

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- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements Refer Note 3.27 to the standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection fund by the Company.
 - iv. The disclosures regarding holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 have not been made in these standalone financial statements since they do not pertain to the financial year ended 31 March 2019.
- 4. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16):

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In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of Section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 101248W/W-100022

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay

Partner

Membership no: 053757

UDIN: 19055757AAAACP3904

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the standalone financial statements of Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Referred to in our report of even date)

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019, we report that:

- (i) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which all the fixed assets are verified annually. In our opinion, the periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its fixed assets. In accordance with this programme no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the inventories have been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the Company has granted loan to three Companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act.
 - a) According to the information and explanation given to us, terms and conditions on which the unsecured loan have been granted to one company covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interests of the Company. However, the terms and conditions on which the unsecured loans have been granted to two companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act (total loan amount granted is Rs. 122,920,000 and balance outstanding as at 31 March 2019 is Rs. 359,117,941) are, prima facie, prejudicial to the interests of the Company as the loan is interest free.
 - b) The unsecured loans granted to companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act are repayable on demand. According to the information and explanations given to us, the loans demanded during the year by the Company have been repaid. However, there are no stipulations made for recovery of interest from one company and loans granted to two companies are interest free. Accordingly, we cannot comment on the regularities of the receipt of interest amounts.
 - c) There are no overdue amount in respect of the unsecured loans granted to companies covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act.



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(iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, there are no loans, investments, guarantees and security which requires compliance with provisions of 186 of the Act. As per information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, there are no investments, guarantees and security which requires compliance with provisions of 185 of the Act. However, loan given to one company is not in compliance with provisions of Section 185 of the Act, details are given below:

Name of the Company			Balance as at Balance Sheet
		the year	date
Shrachi Virtuous Retail	Director in a private	353,340	Nil
Projects Private Limited	company		

- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits as per the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India under the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Service tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have not generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though the delays in deposit have not been serious. As explained to us by the management, the Company did not have any dues on account of Sales-tax, Service Tax, duty of excise, duty of customs and value added tax.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Goods and Services tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2019 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Goods and services tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to banks or financial institutions. The Company did not have any dues from government. However, the Company has delayed in payment of interest on debentures to debenture holders, as mentioned below:

Particulars	Amount of default as at the	Due date for payment	Subsequent payment
	balance sheet date (Rs.)		date
	939,606	30 June 2018	
Debentures	949,932	30 September 2018	1 A
(interest)	949,932	31 December 2018	1 August 2019
	929,281	31 March 2019	



- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. The Company has utilized the money raised by the way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were raised.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us the provisions of Section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the company. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of Section 177 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

Kolkata

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Membership No. 055757

Partner

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay

UDIN: 19055757AAAACP3904

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Annexure – B to the Independent Auditors' report on the standalone financial statements of Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2019 (Referred to in our report of even date)

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of **Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited** ["the Company"] as of 31 March 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2019, based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Standalone financial statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay Partner

Membership No. 055757

UDIN: 19055757AAAACP3904

Standalone Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2019

(Currency : Indian rupees)	Note	2019	2018
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3.1	63,094,510	63,094,510
Reserves and surplus	3.2	165,330,822	155,939,334
·		228,425,332	219,033,844
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	3.3	90,616,816	89,805,683
Long-term provisions	3.4	4,036,479	4,097,114
· ·		94,653,295	93,902,797
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	3,5	502,593,004	460,200,308
Trade payables	3.6		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		<u> </u>	2
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		206,433,239	190,502,233
and small enterprises			
Other current liabilities	3.7	203,899,353	257,290,804
Short-term provisions	3.8	25,947,639	31,126,432
•		938,873,235	939,119,777
TOTAL		1,261,951,862	1,252,056,418
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3.9	144,408,926	145,074,493
Deferred tax assets	3.10	16,360,454	13,816,497
Non-current investment	3.11	100,000	100,000
Long-term loans and advances	3.12	1,685,886	1,193,928
Other non-current assets	3.13	, <u></u>	1,181,000
		162,555,266	161,365,918
Current assets			
Inventories	3.14	669,024,747	742,101,460
Trade receivables	3.15	-	
Cash and bank balances	3.16	22,057,851	5,932,529
Short-term loans and advances	3.17	397,133,878	333,375,584
Other current assets	3.18	11,180,120	9,280,927
		1,099,396,596	1,090,690,500
TOTAL		1,261,951,862	1,252,056,418
Significant accounting policies	2		
	2 1 2 41		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements

Kolkata

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Charlered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Notes to the standalone financial statements

Jayanta Makhopadhyay

Partner

Membership No.: 055757

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited

CIN: U45200WB2006PTC111545

Rahul Todi

Director

DIN: 00080441

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Sanjeev Agarwal

Director

DIN: 00080755

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

(Currency: Indian rupees)	Note	2019	2018
Revenue from operations	3.19	430,654,974	610,970,910
Other income	3.20	2,480,949	6,056,554
Total revenue		433,135,923	617,027,464
Expenses			
Net decrease in inventories of project work-in-progress and	3.21	73,076,713	285,680,573
finished developed units Construction costs	3.22	181,890,015	163,019,616
	3.23	40,450,887	28,677,074
Employee benefits expense Finance costs	3.24	41,562,902	19,747,785
Depreciation expense	3.9	6,907,699	5,028,778
Other expenses	3.25	78,475,446	74,441,322
Total expenses	3.20	422,363,662	576,595,148
Profit before tax		10,772,261	40,432,316
Income Tax expenses		3,746,849	12,245,716
Current tax	3.10	(2,543,957)	4,987,887
Deferred tax charge (release)	5.10	(520,040)	4,707,007
Income tax for earlier years written back Profit for the year		10,089,409	23,198,713
Earnings per equity share			
Basic and diluted	3.26	2.87	6.59
[nominal value of share Rs 10 each (2018: Rs 10)]	3.23		
Significant accounting policies	2		

Significant accounting policies Notes to the standalone financial statements 3.1-3.41

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements

Kolkata

As per our report of even date attached,

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay

Partner Membership No.: 055757

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited

CIN: U45200WB2006PTC111545

Rahul Todi

Director

DIN: 00080441

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Sanjeev Agarwal

Director

DIN: 00080755

Standalone Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency	·Indian	runees)
Cultoney	. iliaian	i tipoco,

Cut	rency: Indian rupees)	2019	2018
		2017	2010
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Net profit before tax	10,772,261	40,432,316
	Adjustments for:		
	Finance costs	41,562,902	19,747,785
	Interest income	(2,414,924)	(5,670,942)
	Depreciation expense	6,907,699	5,028,778
	Advances / sundry balance written off	47,843	500,736
	Unspent liabilities no longer required written back	9 6 1	(291,815)
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	56,875,781	59,746,858
	Changes in working capital		
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	15,931,006	(11,262,640)
	Increase / (decrease) in long-term provisions	(60,635)	1,901,914
	Increase / (decrease) in short-term provisions	213,621	(353,100)
	Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	(60,230,673)	(218,601,865)
	(Increase) / decrease in long-term loans and advances	(491,958)	6,074,782
	(Increase) / decrease in short-term loans and advances	(63,806,137)	(180,565,256)
	(Increase) / decrease in other current assets	(622,004)	(1,155,525)
	(Increase) / decrease in inventories	115,595,723	274,707,143
	Cash (used in) / generated by operations	63,404,724	(69,507,689)
	Income taxes paid	(8,770,019)	(19,311,595)
	Net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities (A)	54,634,705	(88,819,284)
В	Cash flow from investing activities	(# #3# F(F)	(210.169)
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(7,537,565)	(319,168)
	Investment in bank deposits	(4,500,000)	4.506.294
	Interest received	1,137,735	4,506,384
	Net cash provided by investing activities (B)	(10,899,830)	4,187,216
C	9	197 500 000	200 000 000
	Proceeds from short term borrowings (term loan)	187,500,000	300,000,000 (177,879,340)
	Repayment of short term borrowings (term loan)	(81,283,276)	59,200,000
	Proceeds from short term borrowings availed from body corporates	3,500,000	(103,800,000)
	Repayment of short term borrowings availed from body corporates (unsecured)	(25,118,420)	59,963,631
	Proceeds from short term borrowings availed from directors (net)	(42,205,608) 6,324,728	39,903,031
	Proceeds from long term borrowings (secured loan)	(697,721)	(865,217)
	Repayment of long term borrowings (secured loan)	(097,721)	(73,019,088)
	Redemption of preference share including premium on redemption	(01 310 356)	(46,986,004)
	Interest paid	(81,310,256)	16,613,982
	Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities (C)	(33,290,553)	10,013,982
	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	10,444,322	(68,018,086)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	5,932,529	73,950,615
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	16,376,851	5,932,529
	(Refer note 3.16 to the standalone financial statements)		
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Standalone Cash Flow Statement (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2019

2018

Notes

1. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Accounting Standard -3 ('AS-3') on Cash flow statement.

2. Components of cash and cash equivalents

Cash on hand
Balance with banks - in current account

447,038	354,849	
15,929,813	5,577,680	
16 376 951	5 032 520	

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

Kolkata

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As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited

CIN: U45200WB2006PTC111545

Jayanta Mukhopadhxay

Partner

Membership No.: 055757

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Rahul Todi

Director

DIN: 00080441

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Sanjeev Agarwal

Director

DIN: 00080755

Notes to the standalone financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

1 Company Overview

Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited ("the Company"), was incorporated on 16 October 2006 at Kolkata, State of West Bengal as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV). The Company has acquired development rights in the land at Mouza Nababhat Burdwan. The objective of the Company is to develop the land into a mini township.

2 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these standalone financial statements.

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis. GAAP comprises mandatory accounting standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 applicable with effect from 1 April 2016 and other pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (to the extent applicable) and the relevant provisions of the Act. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees.

2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2.3 Current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the entity's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Current and non-current classification (continued)

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) the Company does not have an unconditional right defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

2.4 Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 7 years for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities for current project under development and 12 months for the other assets and liabilities.

2.5 Property, plant and equipments and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and/ or accumulated impairment loss, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipmentcomprises its purchase price, including import duties and other non-refundable taxes or levies and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipments, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are changed to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year during which such expenses are incurred.

Depreciation is provided using the written down value method over the useful life as prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Act. Depreciation on addition/deletion of property, plant and equipment made during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from / upto the date of each addition / deletion.

Assets costing less than Rs 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Advance paid /expenditure incurred on acquisition /construction of property, plant and equipment which are not ready for their intended use at each balance sheet date are disclosed under loans and advances as advances on capital account and capital work-in-progress respectively.

Leasehold land is amortised over the period of the lease.





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Impairment

The assets of the Company are reviewed at each reporting date to determine if there is any indication of impairment. For assets in respect of which any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets (cash generating unit or CGU) that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its net selling price. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists or has decreased, the assets or CGU's recoverable amount is estimated. For assets other than goodwill, the impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Such a reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.7 Operating leases

Assets acquired under leases other than finance leases are classified as operating leases. The total lease rentals (including scheduled rental increases) in respect of an asset taken on operating lease are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the lease term unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the benefit. Initial direct costs incurred specifically for an operating lease are deferred and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease term.

2.8 Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date of acquisition are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. However, that part of long term investments which is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date is also presented under 'current assets' as "current portion of long term investments" in consonance with the current/non-current classification scheme of Schedule III to the Act.

Long-term investments (including current portion thereof) are carried at cost less any other-than-temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each individual investment. Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investments.

Any reductions in the carrying amount and any reversals of such reductions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Inventories

Inventories which comprises finished developed units and construction work-in-progress are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost, weighted average cost method is used. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Direct expenses like cost of acquisition of land, site labour costs, materials used for project construction, project management consultancy, costs for moving the plant, machinery to and from the site and general expenses incurred specifically for the respective project like insurance, design and technical assistance, borrowing costs and construction and development overheads are taken as the cost of construction work-in-progress.

2.10 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred in relation to the acquisition / construction of project property are included in inventory till the date the construction of the property is completed. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period which are not related to the construction activity nor are incidental thereto, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.11 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the spot rates on the date of the respective transactions. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are translated at the closing exchange rates on that date; the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.12 Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of receiving the service are classified as short-term employee benefits such as salaries, wages, etc. are recognised in the period in which the employee rendered the related services. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised as an expense during the period.

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays specified contributions to a separate entity and has no obligation to pay any further amounts. The Company makes specified contributions towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme which is a defined contribution plan. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Employee benefits (continued)

Defined benefit plan

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date.

When the calculation results in a benefit to the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the net total of any unrecognised actuarial losses and past service costs and the present value of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Post-employment benefits

Long term employment benefit

The Company's net obligation in respect of long-term employment benefits, other than gratuity, is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method and is discounted to its present value and the fair value of any related assets is deducted.

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under long term employment benefits, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date.

2.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue from sale of property in the course of ordinary activities is recognised when property in the goods or all significant risks and rewards of their ownership are transferred to the customer and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the property and regarding its collection.

The amount recognised as revenue is exclusive of sales tax, value added taxes (VAT), service tax and goods and service tax (GST).

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.



Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Revenue recognition (continued)

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the interest rate applicable.

2.14 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. The provisions are measured on an undiscounted basis.

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be estimated reliably.

2.15 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

2.16 Income taxes

Income-tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the applicable tax rates and tax laws. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income i.e. differences that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future, however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT')

Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The credit available under the Income-tax Act, 1961 in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set-off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.17 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby net profits before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.1 Share capital (continued)

B. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has two classes of equity shares, Class A and Class B. The different classes of equity shares have differential rights with respect to dividend distribution and share in the Company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time subject to payment of dividend to preference shareholders. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion as determined by the shareholders of the Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable have not been paid.

Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to forfeiture of the shares. On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held on differential basis as determined by the shareholders agreement.

C. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to preference shares

14% Class "C" Non cumulative preference shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up of the Company are held by Xander Investment Holding VI Limited and the same were redeemed by the Company during the previous year. 14% Class "D" Non cumulative preference shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up of the Company are held by Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited. The outstanding preference shares of the Company will be redeemed at the end of twenty years from the respective dates of allotment at such terms and conditions as may be decided by the Board of Directors.

The holders of these preference shares are entitled to a non-cumulative dividend of 14% per annum.

Preference shares of both classes carry a preferential right as to dividend over equity shareholders. Where dividend is not declared for a financial year, the entitlement for that year lapses. The preference shares are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company on any resolutions of the Company directly affecting their rights. In the event of liquidation, preference shareholders have a preferential right over equity shareholders to be repaid to the extent of capital paid-up and dividend in arrears on such shares.

D. Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

	2019		2018	
	Number	% holding	Number	% holding
Equity shares Class "A" Equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up Haridham Construction Private Limited	1,758,884	100%	1,758,884	100%
Class "B" Equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	1,758,884	100%	1,758,884	100%
Preference shares 14% Class ''D'' Non cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up				
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	2,791,683	100%	2,791,683	100%

E. Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts/ commitments for sale of shares/ disinvestment:

For 16.75% fully convertible debentures:

The number and amount of the equity shares will be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company at the time of exit of the investors. (Also refer to note 3.3 on rights, preferences and restrictions attached to debentures).





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

ICICI Bank Limited

(Curre	ency: Indian rupees)				
				2019	2018
3.2	Reserves and surplus				
	Securities Premium				
	At the commencement of the year			68,639,898	67,415,393
	Provision for premium payable on redemption of p	reference shares (refer	r note 3.1.C)	(697,921)	-
	Provision for premium on redemption of preference	e shares written back			1,224,505
	At the end of the year			67,941,977	68,639,898
	Capital Redemption Reserve				
	At the commencement of the year			60,849,240	(in)
	Redemption of preference shares				60,849,240
	At the end of the year		=	60,849,240	60,849,240
	Surplus (Statement of Profit and loss)				
	At the commencement of the year			26,450,196	64,100,723
	Profit for the year			10,089,409	23,198,713
	Transfer to capital redemption reserve			*	(60,849,240)
	At the end of the year		=	36,539,605	26,450,196
	Total reserves and surplus		=	165,330,822	155,939,334
3,3	Long-term borrowings				
		Non-current	portion	Current por	
		2019	2018	2019	2018
	Debentures (unsecured)				
	2,500,000 (2018: 2,500,000) 16.75% Fully convertible debentures of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up (unsecured)	25,000,000	25,000,000	-	•
	Term loans (secured)				
	Shriram Housing Finance Limited	60,895,875	64,805,683	9,104,125	5,194,317
	HDFC Bank Limited	2,174,270		625,097	-
	YES Bank Limited	1,262,488	2	575,275	-
				255 545	540.051

^{*} Amount disclosed under the head "Other current liabilities" - refer note 3,7

A. Terms of repayment/conversion/redemption of 16.75% fully convertible debenture

16.75% Fully convertible debentures (FCD's) of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up were allotted pursuant to the Shareholder's agreement and Share subscription agreement both dated 20 October 2006 (as amended through the second addendum dated 22 September 2008). These FCD's were issued for a period of eighteen months from the date of issue, i.e. 24 September 2008 and 29 January 2009 and these are non-marketable and unsecured.

89 805 683

1,284,183

90,616,816

Of the total, 5,000,000, 16,75% FCD's issued, 2,500,000 FCD's held by Nalonrod Holdings Limited were convertible into 2,500,000 Class "A" Equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up and 2,500,000 FCD's held by Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited were convertible into 2,500,000 Class "B" equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up at such terms and conditions as may be decided by the Board of Directors of the Company at the time of conversion on 29 July 2010 and by 24 March 2010 respectively.

During the earlier years, the Company had converted the FCD's held by Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited into optionally convertible debentures and redeemed these debentures at par. Additionally, vide Board resolution passed on 17 September 2009, the date of conversion of the debentures held by Nalonrod Holdings Limited has been amended to 13 October 2013. Further, vide Board resolutions passed on 25 September 2013, 27 March 2014 and 29 September 2015, the date of conversion of the debentures held by Nalonrod Holdings Limited has been further amended to 13 October 2018, 13 October 2015 and 13 October 2017.

During the earlier year, the Company vide the board resolution dated 24 March 2016 approved the transfer of debenture, thereby Nalonrod Holdings Limited transferred 1,250,000 numbers of debentures each to Shrawan Kumar Todi and Ravi Todi on 26 May 2016.





549,851

5,744,168

255,545

10,560,042

Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.3 Long-term borrowings (continued)

A. Terms of repayment/conversion/redemption of 16.75% fully convertible debenture (continued)

The Company had approached debenture holders for waiver of interest for the year ended 31 March 2017, which was accepted by debenture holders vide their letter dated 25 June 2017, and the same was taken on record by the board of directors on board meeting dated 29 June 2017

The Company vide the board resolution dated 28 December 2017 approved the transfer of debenture, thereby Ravi Todi transferred 1,250,000 numbers of debentures to Ravi Todi (HUF) and Shrawan Kumar Todi transferred 1,250,000 numbers of debentures to Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi (HUF) on 28 December 2017 and also extended the date of conversion of debentures to 13 October 2022.

The Company had provided interest @ 16,75% to debenture holders for the year ended 31 March 2018 and the same was taken on record by the board of directors on board meeting dated 1 June 2018.

The Company had provided interest @ 16.75% to debenture holders for the year ended 31 March 2019 and the same was taken on record by the board of directors on board meeting dated 28 June 2018.

B. Details of security and repayment terms of loan from Shriram Housing Finance Limited

Term loan, availed in nature of lease rental discounting, from Shriram Housing Finance Limited to Rs.70,000,000 (2018 : Rs.70,000,000) is secured by mortgage the market value of the property measuring 44,897,17 Sq. ft., on the four storied school building of Renaissance Township, Mouza:Goda, Kantrapota, Isufabad, Nababhat (as per sanction plan), Mouza-Isufabad, comprised in J.L.nos,17, Dag nos,1831,1832,1699,1698,1697,1830 and at Mouza-Nababhat, J.L.no.16, Dag no.436, at Burdwan , Pincode - 713102, P.S. Burdwan, District- Burdwan, within the ambit of Burdwan Municipality and is carrying interest at SHPLR (Shriram Housing Finance Limited prime Lending Rate) of 15% p.a. minus 1% and is repayable in 180 months commencing from May 2017 as follows:

Duration	Equated monthly installments	No of installments	
May 2017 till October 2019	757,234	30	
November 2019 till October 2022	870,819	36	
November 2022 till October 2025	1,001,442	36	
November 2025 till October 2028	1,151,659	36	
November 2028 till October 2031	1,324,407	36	
November 2031 till April 2032	1,521,096	6	

The term loan is further secured by personal guarantees given by Rahul Todi and Ravi Todi, promoter director of the Company,

C. Details of security and repayment terms of car loan

Nature of security	Amount outstanding		No of installments	Amount of each
ű.	Current	Non-current		installments (including interest)
(i) Car loan taken from ICICI Bank Limited		Terms of repa	yment : 2019	
amounting to Rs. 1,500,000 on 13 July 2015	-	(#)	340	-
against hypothecation of vehicle, purchased		Terms of repa	yment : 2018	
there against and the same is repayable in 36 equal monthly installments. Rate of interest is 10.01% per annum.	184,263	S€1	4	48,408
(ii) Car loan taken from ICICI Bank Limited		Terms of repa	yment : 2019	
amounting to Rs. 1,000,000 on 01 March 2016	: E:	(#)		1,00
against hypothecation of vehicle, purchased	1	Terms of repa	nyment : 2018	
there against and the same is repayable in 36 equal monthly installments. Rate of interest is 9.51% per annum.	365,588	(€	12	32,038
(iii) Car loan taken from HDFC Bank Limited		Terms of repa	ayment : 2019	
amounting to Rs. 2,849,000 on 06 February	625,097	2,174,270	47	70,762
2019 against hypothecation of vehicle,	Terms of repayment: 2018			
purchased there against and the same is repayable in 48 equal monthly installments. Rate of interest is 9,02% per annum.	224	÷	•	FI





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.3 Long-term borrowings (continued)

C. Details of security and repayment terms of loan from ICICI Bank Limited

	Current		Amount outstanding No of installments Amo	
	Current	Non-current		installments (including interest)
(iv) Car loan taken from YES Bank Limited		Terms of repa	yment : 2019	
amounting to Rs. 1,936,000 on 28 January 2019	575,275	1,262,488	35	60,114
igainst hypothecation of vehicle, purchased		Terms of repa	yment : 2018	
here against and the same is repayable in 37 equal monthly installments. Rate of interest is 2,26% per annum.	*	ā	5	5
v) Car loan taken from ICICI Bank Limited		Terms of repa	nyment : 2019	
mounting to Rs. 1,539,729 on 15 March 2019	255,545	1,284,183	60	32,080
gainst hypothecation of vehicle, purchased		Terms of repa	yment ; 2018	
there against and the same is repayable in 60 equal monthly installments. Rate of interest is 9.20% per annum.		36	<u> </u>	12
			2019	2018
Long-term provisions				
Provision for employee benefits :				
Gratuity (Refer note 3.31)			2,213,372	2,424,500
Compensated absences			1,823,107 4,036,479	1,672,614 4,097,114
Short-term borrowings			1,000,173	
Ferm loan other than banks			437,553,401	331,336,677
Loan from body corporates (unsecured)			21,000,000	23,000,000
Loan from related parties (unsecured)			0 < 0.01 = 0.0	46.000.000
- Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited			26,281,580 17,758,023	45,900,000 59,963,631
- Loan from directors			17,750,023	
			502,593,004	460,200,308

Details of security and repayment terms:

Note:

3.4

3.5

A. Term loan other than banks

(i) Sundaram BNP Paribas Home Finance Limited

Term loan from Sundaram BNP Paribas Home Finance Limited to Rs 39,000,000 (2018: Rs 39,000,000) is secured by first charge on following 4 units:

- (a) All that piece and parcel of land with building Ragini bungalow SSEA1/10B & Ashiana bunglow unit no SSEA1/2C land measuring an extent of 2,162 Sq. ft. with building extent 1,325 Sq. ft. and Land 2,883 Sq. ft. with Buildup area 1571 sq. ft. respectively.
- (b) All that piece and parcel of land with building of RBD Anchor Store, Banquet Hall ,ground floor first floor shop, with building extent 5,865,09 sq.ft.
- (c) All that piece and parcel of land with building Ishana bunglow unit no SSEA1/5C & Pavani bunglow unit no SSEA1/7C, land measuring an extent of 5,766 Sq.ft with building extent 1,915 Sq.ft and Land 2,883 Sq.ft with Buildup area 1,718 sq ft.
- (d) All that piece and parcel of land with building of Arushi bunglow unit no SSEA1/9B, land measuring an extent of 2,169 Sq.ft with building extent 1,596 Sq.ft.
- All the above properties situated at PLOT NO 41 Satellite Township Project, Belkash Gram Panchayat/ Goda/ Kantrapota/ Nababhat/ Isufabad Village Goda Village, Burdwan Taluk, Burdwan Town, Burdwan-713102, Burdwan District West Bengal State
- The above term loan is secured by personal guarantee of the Ravi Todi and Rahul Todi, promoter directors of the Company.
- This term loan is repayable in 48 equal monthly instalments starting from April 2018, amount of each monthly instalment is Rs.1,051,120. The term loan carry's interest @ 13.25% p.a., which is variable in line with SH-PLR.



Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.5 Short-term borrowings (continued)

(ii) JM Financial Credit Solutions Limited

Term loan from JM Financial Credit Solutions Limited to Rs 218,497,657 (2018: Rs 292,336,677) is secured by

- (a) Land and unsold area of approximately 182,503 sq. ft, along with all sold receivable in project Renaissance Phase I
- (b) Land and unsold area of approximately 616,273 sq. ft, along with all sold receivable in project Renaissance Phase II

All the above properties situated at PLOT NO 41 Satellite Township Project, Belkash Gram Panchayat/ Goda/ Kantrapota/ Nababhat/ Isufabad Village Goda Village, Burdwan Taluk, Burdwan Town, Burdwan-713102, Burdwan District West Bengal State.

The above term loan is secured by personal guarantee of the Ravi Todi and Rahul Todi, promoter directors of the Company,

The repayment mechanism is as follows:

The sale proceeds received by the Company from the sale of plots and apartments in the project Renaissance Phase I and Phase II will be routed through escrow accounts and 75% of the amount credited from sale of plots and 30% of the amount credited from sale of apartments will be utilised towards principal / interest repayment.

The term loan carry's interest @ 15.00% p.a. and the same has been revised to 15.50 % p.a. w.e.f 01st December 2018

(iii) Centrum Financial Services Limited

Term loan from Centrum Financial Services Limited to Rs 187,500,000 (2018: Rs Nil) is secured by

- (a) Land and unsold area of approximately 275,162 sq. ft, along with all sold receivable in project Renaissance Part 1 Plots
- (b) Land and unsold area of approximately 2,239 sq. ft, along with all sold receivable in project Renaissance Part 2 Mixed Plots.
- (c) Land and unsold area of approximately 93,362 sq. ft. along with all sold receivable in project Renaissance Part 3 Plots for Bunglow.
- (d) Land and unsold area of approximately 117,576 sq. ft, along with all sold receivable in project Renaissance Part 4 Plots for Twin house.
- (e) Land and unsold area of approximately 202,046 sq. ft. along with all sold receivable in project Renaissance Part 5 for Smart Homes.

All the above properties situated at Satellite Township Project, Belkash Gram Panchayat/ Goda/ Kantrapota/ Nababhat/ Isufabad Village Goda Village, Burdwan Taluk, Burdwan Town, Burdwan-713102, Burdwan District West Bengal State.

The above term loan is secured by personal guarantee of the Ravi Todi and Rahul Todi, promoter directors of the Company.

The term loan carry's interest @ 14,50% p.a. and the same has been revised to 15.75 %p.a. wef 01st November 2018

B. Loan from body corporates

	Amoun	it	Rate of	Maturity period
	2019	2018	interest p.a.	Winturky period
Loan from body corporates	21,000,000	23,000,000	12%- 15%	0 - 180 days , Repayable on demand

C. Loan taken from directors

The Company has taken interest free loan from the directors Mr. Ravi Todi and Mr. Rahul Todi for Rs 5,610,200 (2018: Rs 11,265,200) and Rs 12,147,823 (2018: Rs 48,698,431) respectively and the same is repayable on demand.

D. Loan from Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited:-

The Company has taken loan carrying interest @ 13.00% p.a. and the same is repayable on demand. The interest rate has been increase to 17.50 % wef 01 April 2018.

3.6 Trade payables

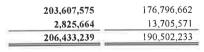
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer note 3.30) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

- Other payables

- Retention money payable to contractors

2019

2018







Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.7 Other current liabilities

Accrued premium on redemption of preference shares (refer note 3.1.C)	8,580,016	7,882,095
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (refer note 3,3)	10,560,042	5,744,168
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	9,479,859	8,582,528
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	1,638,859	1,210,763
Employee benefits payable	4,076,375	4,100,541
Advance from customers against rent	837,456	2,126,250
Payable on cancellation of bookings	8,728,335	8,728,335
Interest-free deposits from customers against property bookings	121,962,924	186,299,315
Other maintenance deposits from customers	10,758,692	8,253,824
Capital equipment deposit	6,489,276	6,425,917
Corpus deposit	14,850,856	13,211,734
Statutory dues payable		
- Provident fund, professional tax and employees' state insurance payable	450,767	410,043
- Goods and Service tax payable	437,575	211,047
- Tax deducted at source payable	4,759,662	3,821,926
- Labour cess payable	288,659	282,318
	203,899,353	257,290,804

3.8 Short-term provisions

Provision	for	emn	lovee	henefits:
Provision	w	CHID	uvee	Dell'ents:

Compensated absences
Provision for taxation [net of advance tax **Rs 44,198,316** (2018: Rs 43,570,597]

1,016,951	803,330
24,930,688	30,323,102
25,947,639	31,126,432





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.9 Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold	Office	School	Plant and	Furniture and	Motor cars	Computer and	Office	Total
	land	building	building	equipments	fittings		accessories	equipments	
Gross block									
Balance as at 1 April 2017	142,731	7,281,114	*	1,388,823	169'8661	4,967,762	1,451,800	973,316	17,199,237
Additions	4,042,868	į	142,945,903	ť	8	69,148	125,020	125,000	147,307,939
Balance as at 31 March 2018	4,185,599	7,281,114	142,945,903	1,388,823	169,691	5,036,910	1,576,820	1,098,316	164,507,176
Balance as at 1 April 2018	4,185,599	7,281,114	142,945,903	1,388,823	169'866	5,036,910	1,576,820	1,098,316	164,507,176
Additions	•		(())	265,814	231,904	6,722,114	244,445	73,288	7,537,565
Balance as at 31 March 2019	4,185,599	7,281,114	142,945,903	1,654,637	1,225,595	11,759,024	1,821,265	1,171,604	172,044,741
Accumulated depreciation									
Balance as at 1 April 2017	142,731	5,265,382	1	1,116,100	851,640	3,471,950	1,233,363	886,262	12,967,428
Depreciation for the year	31,482	482,261	4,997,296	59,621	40,731	532,827	222,854	98,183	6,465,255
Balance as at 31 March 2018	174,213	5,747,643	4,997,296	1,175,721	892,371	4,004,777	1,456,217	984,445	19,432,683
Balance as at 1 April 2018	174,213	5,747,643	4,997,296	1,175,721	892,371	4,004,777	1,456,217	984,445	19,432,683
Depreciation for the year	43,858	439,698	6,863,841	82,279	42,335	522,104	130,195	78,822	8,203,132
Balance as at 31 March 2019	218,071	6,187,341	11,861,137	1,258,000	934,706	4,526,881	1,586,412	1,063,267	27,635,815
Net block							207.001	110 011	1 45 074 400
As at 31 March 2018	4,011,386	1,533,471	137,948,607	213,102	101,320	1,032,133	120,603	113,8/1	145,0/4,495
As at 31 March 2019	3,967,528	1,093,773	131,084,766	396,637	290,889	7,232,143	234,853	108,337	144,408,926

Note: Depreciation amounting to Rs 1,295,433 (2018: Rs 1,436,477) has been transferred to construction cost (refer note 3.22)

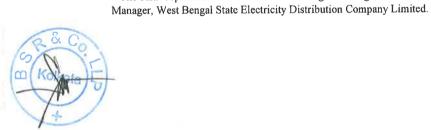


Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Curre	ncy: Indian rupees)	2019	2018
3.10	Deferred tax assets (net)		
	Deferred tax assets: Difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per the Income-tax Act, 1961 Disallowances as per the Income-tax Act, 1961 Other disallowances Deferred tax liabilities: Difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per the Income-tax Act, 1961	1,322,790 13,631,800 1,405,864 16,360,454	13,631,800 1,363,304 14,995,104 1,178,607
	Deferred tax assets	16,360,454	13,816,497
3.11	Non-current investments (Valued at cost unless otherwise stated) Trade investment (unquoted) Investment in equity instruments In wheth comed subsidians		
	In wholly owned subsidiary 10,000 (2018: 10,000) Renaissance Maintenance Private Limited (Face value per share of Rs 10 each)	100,000	100,000
	Aggregate book value of unquoted non current investments	100,000	100,000
3.12	Long-term loans and advances (Unsecured and considered good)		
	Security deposit Advance income tax [net of provision Rs 3,042,640 (2018 : Rs 3,042,640)]	1,531,986 153,900	1,040,028 153,900
		1,685,886	1,193,928
3.13	Other non-current assets		
	Bank deposits due to mature after 12 months of the reporting date*		1,181,000
			1,181,000

*The bank deposit is under lien with bank for guarantee given to The Regional





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Curr	ency: Indian rupees)	2019	2018
3.14	Inventories		
	(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	Construction work in progress	140 300 005	100 729 210
	Development rights	178,322,205	190,738,310 313,282,974
	Construction costs	278,634,391 76,661,013	70,300,425
	Borrowing costs	4,654,106	4,531,799
	Depreciation expense	26,597,262	39,090,020
	Other expenses	564,868,977	617,943,528
	Finished developed units	104,155,770	124,157,932
		669,024,747	742,101,460
3.15	Trade receivables (Unsecured, considered doubtful)		
	Receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months		200.000
	from the date they became due for payment	289,980	289,980
	Provision for bad and doubtful debts	(289,980)	(289,980)
3.16	Cash and bank balances		
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	447,038	354,849
	Balances with banks:	47.450.00	<i>5.555.</i>
	- on current accounts	12,356,063	5,577,680
	- on current accounts (Earmarked)	3,573,750	-
	Other Bank Balance	5 691 000	
	In Fixed Deposit account	5,681,000	973
		22,057,851	5,932,529
	Details of bank balances / deposits:		
	Bank balance available on demand/ deposit with original maturity of 3 months or less included under 'Cash and cash equivalents'	15,929,813	5,577,680
	Deposits due to mature within 12 months of the reporting	5,681,000	.€
	date included under 'Other bank balances'		1,181,000
	Bank deposits due to mature after 12 months of the reporting date included under 'Other non-current assets'		1,101,000
	(refer note 3.13)	21,610,813	6,758,680
		21,010,013	0,750,000

Details of fixed deposits with banks

A) The bank deposit with Yes Bank for **Rs 1,181,000** (2018: Rs 11,81,000) is under lien with bank for guarantee given to The Regional Manager, West Bengal State Electricity Distribution Company Limited.

B) The bank deposit with Kotak Mahindra Bank for **Rs 4,500,000** (2018: Rs Nil) is towards interest reserve account equivalent to 1.5 months' interest with Centrum Financial Services Limited





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

2019

2018

3.17

Short-term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good)		
To parties other than related parties		
Prepaid expenses	1,189,034	620,086
Advance to suppliers	2,292,739	3,116,072
Mobilisation advances	293,969	264,459
Advances to employees	144,000	387,485
Deposit paid for legal case	10,724,066	10,724,066
Other advance	2,163,091	465,415
Goods and service tax receivable	13,160,390	10,280,637
(Unsecured, considered doubtful)		
Advance to suppliers	500,000	500,000
Provision for bad and doubtful advance	(500,000)	(500,000)
	· ·	:47
To related parties		
Short-term loans to related parties * (refer note 3.28)		
- Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	8,048,648	8,248,648
- Neobeam Properties Private Limited (interest free)	250,000,000	250,000,000
- Renaissance Maintenance Private Limited (interest free)	109,117,941	49,268,716
	397,133,878	333,375,584

* Short-term loan to related party:

- a) Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited, a company in which key management personnel can exercise significant influence.
- b) Neobeam Properties Private Limited, a company in which key management personnel can exercise significant influence.
- c) Renaissance Maintenance Private Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

3.18 Other current assets

(Unsecured, considered good)

Interest accrued on bank deposits	270,646	87,566
Interest accrued on loan to a related party (refer note 3.28)	8,702,865	7,608,756
Other receivable	2,206,609	1,584,605
	11,180,120	9,280,927





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

Sale of developed land 173,974,562 310,673,072 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 242,320,554 288,245,681 243,333,356 8,847,677 12,333,356 8,847,677 1,207,379 430,654,974 400,970,910 2430,654,974 400,970,910 2430,654,974 400,970,910 2430,654,974 400,970,910 2430,654,974 400,970,910 2430,974 400,970,970 400,970 400,970,970 400,970,970 400,970,970 400,970,970	(Curre	ency: Indian rupees)	2019	2018
Revenue from construction and sale of real estate 242,320,584 288,245,686 248,245,081 248,245 248,24	3.19	Revenue from operations		
Net decrease in inventories of work in progress and finished developed units 12,480,949 12,931,528 12,931,536 13,933,536 13		Sale of developed land	173,974,562	310,673,072
Realisation from cancellation/ transfer of booking Rental income from immovable property 12,338,356 8,847,677 3.20 Other income 1,001,000 (a) Interest income 1,215,677 1,207,379 - on loan 1,199,247 4,463,563 - on others 1,199,247 4,463,563 Unspent liabilities no longer required written back - 291,815 Miscellaneous receipts 66,025 93,797 Project work-in-progress of 66,025 93,797 Project work-in-progress 617,943,528 947,468,697 Opening project work-in-progress 617,943,528 947,468,697 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment 564,868,977 617,943,528 Less: Closing project work-in-progress 53,074,551 229,909,561 Finished stock of developed units 124,157,932 179,928,944 Less: Closing stock of developed units 124,157,932 179,928,944 Less: Closing stock of finished developed units 124,157,932 179,928,944 Less: Closing stock of finished developed units 124,157,932 179,928,944 <td></td> <td></td> <td>242,320,554</td> <td>288,245,681</td>			242,320,554	288,245,681
Rental income from immovable property 12,338,356 8,847,677 430,654,974 610,970,910 3.20 Other income 1 - on loan 1,192,477 4,463,563 Unspent liabilities no longer required written back - 291,815 Miscellaneous receipts 66,025 93,797 3.21 Net decrease in inventories of work in progress and finished developed units 5 947,468,697 Project work-in-progress: 617,943,528 947,468,697 99,615,608 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - 99,615,608 Less: Closing project work-in-progress 564,868,977 617,943,528 947,468,697 Decrease in work-in-progress 554,868,977 617,943,528 17,9928,944 Less: Closing project work-in-progress 53,074,551 229,909,561 Finished stock of developed units: Opening stock of developed units 124,157,932 17,9928,944 Less: Closing stock of finished developed units 104,155,770 124,157,932 Decrease in finished developed units 104,155,771 124,157,932				2 20 4 40 0
3.20 Other income 1,215,677 1,207,379 - on others 1,199,247 4,463,563 Unspent liabilities no longer required written back 1,199,247 4,463,563 Unspent liabilities no longer required written back 66,025 93,797 2,480,949 6,056,554		_	•	, ,
Interest income		Rental income from immovable property	12,330,330	0,047,077
Interest income			430,654,974	610,970,910
- on loan 1,215,677 1,207,379 1,199,247 4,463,563 1,199,247 4,463,563 1,199,247 4,463,563 1,199,247 4,463,563 66,025 93,797 4,280,949 6,056,554 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 66,025 93,797 67,025 93,02	3.20	Other income		 !
- on others Unspent liabilities no longer required written back Unspent liabilities no longer required written back Miscellaneous receipts - on others Unspent liabilities no longer required written back Miscellaneous receipts - on others - 291,815 - 66,025 - 93,797 - 2,480,949 - 6,056,554 - 3.21 Net decrease in inventories of work in progress and finished developed units - Project work-in-progress: Opening project work-in-progress Opening project work-in-progress - 10,7943,528 - 10,7943,528 - 11,7943,528		Interest income		
Unspent liabilities no longer required written back Miscellaneous receipts 66,025 93,797		- on loan	•	
Miscellaneous receipts 66,025 93,797			1,199,247	
2,480,949 6,056,554			66 025	
3.21 Net decrease in inventories of work in progress and finished developed units Project work-in-progress: Opening project work-in-progress Opening project work-in-progress Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment Less: Closing project work-in-progress Decrease in work-in-progress Decrease in work-in-progress Decrease in work-in-progress Tinished stock of developed units: Opening stock of developed units Decrease in finished developed unit		Miscerianeous receipts	00,023	33,777
Project work-in-progress: Opening project work-in-progress 617,943,528 947,468,697 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment 99,615,608 Less: Closing project work-in-progress 564,868,977 617,943,528 Decrease in work-in-progress 53,074,551 229,909,561			2,480,949	6,056,554
Opening project work-in-progress 617,943,528 947,468,697 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - 99,615,608 Less: Closing project work-in-progress 564,868,977 617,943,528 Decrease in work-in-progress 53,074,551 229,909,561 Finished stock of developed units: Opening stock of developed units 124,157,932 179,928,944 Less: Closing stock of finished developed units 104,155,770 124,157,932 Decrease in finished developed units 20,002,162 55,771,012 3.22 Construction costs Cost of civil works 118,958,437 146,946,939 Depreciation expense 1,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs 41,223,577 34,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - (47,373,163)	3.21			
Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment 99,615,608 Less: Closing project work-in-progress 564,868,977 617,943,528 Decrease in work-in-progress 53,074,551 229,909,561 Finished stock of developed units: 124,157,932 179,928,944 Less: Closing stock of finished developed units 104,155,770 124,157,932 Decrease in finished developed units 20,002,162 55,771,012 Decrease in finished developed units 20,002,162 55,771,012 Secondary Construction costs 118,958,437 146,946,939 Depreciation expense 1,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs 41,223,577 34,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment (47,373,163)		Project work-in-progress:		
Less: Closing project work-in-progress Decrease in work-in-progress Decrease in work-in-progress Decrease in work-in-progress Finished stock of developed units: Opening stock of developed units Less: Closing stock of finished developed units Decrease in finished developed units Decrease in finished developed units Decrease in finished developed units Cost of civil works Depreciation expense Depreciation expense Borrowing costs Other expenses Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment 564,868,977 617,943,528 229,909,561 124,157,932 179,928,944 104,155,770 124,157,932 285,680,573 181,8958,437 146,946,939 1,295,433 1,436,477 34,963,256 27,046,107 181,890,015 210,392,779 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - (47,373,163)			617,943,528	
Decrease in work-in-progress 53,074,551 229,909,561			564 969 077	
Finished stock of developed units: Opening stock of developed units Less: Closing stock of finished developed units Decrease in finished developed units 73,076,713 285,680,573 3.22 Construction costs Cost of civil works Depreciation expense 118,958,437 Depreciation expense 11,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs 41,223,577 34,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - (47,373,163)				
Opening stock of developed units 124,157,932 179,928,944 Less: Closing stock of finished developed units 104,155,770 124,157,932 Decrease in finished developed units 20,002,162 55,771,012 73,076,713 285,680,573 3.22 Construction costs Cost of civil works 118,958,437 146,946,939 Depreciation expense 1,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs 41,223,577 34,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment (47,373,163)		Decrease in work-in-progress	55,071,551	
Less: Closing stock of finished developed units Decrease in finished developed units 20,002,162 20,002,162 55,771,012 73,076,713 285,680,573 3.22 Construction costs Cost of civil works Depreciation expense 118,958,437 Borrowing costs Other expenses 1,295,433 1,436,477 4,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - (47,373,163)				.=0.000.044
Decrease in finished developed units 20,002,162 55,771,012 73,076,713 285,680,573 3.22 Construction costs Cost of civil works Depreciation expense 118,958,437 Depreciation expense 1,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment (47,373,163)				
3.22 Construction costs Cost of civil works Depreciation expense Borrowing costs Other expenses Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment 73,076,713 285,680,573 146,946,939 146,946,939 1,295,433 1,436,477 34,963,256 27,046,107 181,890,015 210,392,779 (47,373,163)				
3.22 Construction costs Cost of civil works Depreciation expense Borrowing costs Other expenses 1,295,433 1,436,477 4,963,256 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment 181,890,015 181,890,015 210,392,779 (47,373,163)		Decrease in finished developed units	20,002,102	33,771,012
Cost of civil works 118,958,437 146,946,939 Depreciation expense 1,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs 41,223,577 34,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - (47,373,163)			73,076,713	285,680,573
Depreciation expense 1,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs 41,223,577 34,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment (47,373,163)	3.22	Construction costs		
Depreciation expense 1,295,433 1,436,477 Borrowing costs 41,223,577 34,963,256 Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 Items: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - (47,373,163)		Cost of civil works	118,958,437	146,946,939
Other expenses 20,412,568 27,046,107 181,890,015 210,392,779 Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment - (47,373,163)				, .
Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment 181,890,015 210,392,779 (47,373,163)				
Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment (47,373,163)		Other expenses	20,412,568	
			181,890,015	
181,890,015 163,019,616		Less: Transferred to property, plant and equipment	=	(47,373,163)
			181,890,015	163,019,616





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Curre	ency: Indian rupees)		
(Curr	snoj. Indian rapeco)	2019	2018
3.23	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries, bonus and allowances	51,282,834	41,268,227
	Contribution to provident and other funds	3,910,966	4,261,202
	Staff welfare expenses	2,043,234	878,911
	•	57,237,034	46,408,340
	Less: Transferred to construction work-in-progress	(16,786,147)	(17,731,266)
		40,450,887	28,677,074
3.24	Finance costs		
	Interest expense		
	- on short term borrowings	75,327,618	45,155,410
	- on debentures	4,187,500	4,187,500
	- on vehicle loan	95,957	93,054
	- on others	112,097	657,361
	- on late payment of advance tax	150,796	1,019,408
	Other borrowing cost	2,912,511	3,598,308
	-	82,786,479	54,711,041
	Less: Borrowing costs transferred to construction work-in-progress	(41,223,577)	(34,963,256)
		41,562,902	19,747,785
3.25	Other expenses		
3.23	Other expenses		
	Rates and taxes	528,250	1,601,581
	Repairs and maintenance	7,610,574	6,550,003
	Security and housekeeping charges	9,467,309	10,727,818
	Insurance	543,928	556,555
	Advertisement expenses	19,037,311	18,900,285
	Rent	2,949,480	2,949,480
	Travelling and conveyance	5,638,262	6,643,348
	Communication expenses	432,736	737,012
	Legal and professional fees	17,935,745	8,685,053
	Management fees	5,000,000	5,000,000
	Brokerage and commission	5,652,533	7,965,771
	Advances / sundry balance written off	47,843 864,370	500,736 844,500
	Payment to auditors (refer note below)	6,393,526	5,003,618
	Miscellaneous expenses	82,101,867	76,665,760
	Less: Transferred to construction work-in-progress	(3,626,421)	(2,224,438)
	2000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	7	74 441 200
	Note: Payment to auditors	78,475,446	74,441,322
	Statutory audit	650,000	650,000
	Others	150,000	150,000
	Reimbursement of expenses	64,370	44,500





844,500

864,370

Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.26 Earnings per share

The basic EPS is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the year, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

Particulars		2019	2018
Net profit after tax attributable to equity shareholders	(A)	10,089,409	23,198,713
Number of equity shares at the beginning and end of the year		3,517,768	3,517,768
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during			
the year	(B)	3,517,768	3,517,768
Basic and diluted earnings per equity share *	(A/B)	2.87	6.59
Face value per share		10.00	10.00

^{*} For 16.75% Fully convertible debentures, the number and amount of the equity shares will be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company at the time of exit of the investors and therefore these have not been considered for the purposes of dilutive equity shares.

3.27 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for):

Particulars	2019	2018
Income tax claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts and disputed by the Company	:=:	13,010
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of capital advances) and not provided for	=	-
Securities mortgaged by the Company on behalf of Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited (a related party) to secure financial assistance. (refer note below for security details)	500,000,000	500,000,000

Notes:

Details of properties mortgaged for loan availed by Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited:

- (a) Land and unsold area of approximately 164,200 sqft along with all sold receivable, fixtures, building and development rights within Renaissance Phase I
- (b) Land and unsold area of approximately 618,820 sqft along with all sold receivable fixtures, building and development rights in project Renaissance Phase II
- (c) The above guarantee is also secured by personal guarantee of the Ravi Todi and Rahul Todi, promoter directors of the Company.
- (d) The above guarantee is provided at zero charges as per the approval of board of directors vide meeting dated 25 September 2017

There has been a Supreme Court Judgement dated 28 Feb 2019, relating to components of salary structure that need to be taken into account while computing the contribution to provident fund under the EPF act. There are interpretative aspects related to the judgement including the effective date of application. The Company will continue to assess any further developments in this matter for the implications on financial statements, if any.





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.28 Related party disclosures

Names of related parties

Relationship	Names of related party
Parties where control exists	
Control through substantial interest in voting power and	Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited
power to direct through agreement i.e. Co-venturers	Xander Investment Holding VI Limited (till 28 December 2017)
	Haridham Construction Private Limited (from 28
	December 2017)
Wholly owned subsidiary	Renaissance Maintenance Private Limited
Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year	
Enterprises in which the key management personnel have	Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited
significant influence	Shrachi Realty Private Limited
	Neobeam Properties Private Limited
	BTL EPC Limited (formerly known as Bengal Tools
	Limited) Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited
	Brijalxmi Paper Products Private Limited
	Shrawan Kumar Todi (HUF)
	Ravi Todi (HUF)
H	Sri Balaji Nidhi
	Bhagwan Ram SitaSeva Nidhi
	BrijlalShrawan Kumar HUF
	Brijlal Todi HUF
	Chitra Family Trust
	Rahul Todi HUF
*	Ravi Todi Family Trust
	Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi HUF
Key management personnel (KMP)	Ravi Todi, Director
	Rahul Todi, Director
Relatives of Key management personnel	Shrawan Kumar Todi, father of Ravi Todi





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.28 Related party disclosures (continued)

Related party transactions and outstanding balance Nature of transaction/ balance	Co-venturers	Wholly owned subsidiary	Enterprise in which KMP has significant influence	Key management personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Printing and stationary						
Brijlaxmi Paper Products Private Limited	16	2	82,139	34 5	1œ.	82,139
	(-)	(-)	(376,491)	(-)	(-)	(376,491
Project management fee						5,000,000
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	5,000,000	*	(-)	(-)	(-)	(5,000,000
Cication ovuences	(5,000,000)	(-)	(-)		(-)	(5,000,00
Communication expenses BTL EPC Limited (formerly known as Bengal Tools	*		55,652		-	55,65
Limited)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	-
	· ·					
Reimbursement of expenses						
BTL EPC Limited (formerly known as Bengal Tools	*	*	105,950	3.85	120	105,95
Limited)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	12
D						
Remuneration Rahul Todi	-		-	2,798,404	2	2,798,40
Rantii 10di	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	=,,,,,,,,
Rent				`	Y	
Sri Balaji Nidhi	Ę.	<u>u</u>	22	· ·	252,000	252,00
,	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(252,000)	(252,00
Bhagwan Ram Sita Seva Nidhi	÷.	<u> </u>	2	242	414,000	414,00
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(414,000)	(414,00
Brijlal Shrawan Kumar HUF	7.	≣	*	**	231,480	231,48
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(231,480) 360,000	(231,48 360,0 0
Brijlal Todi HUF	π.	* ()	(-)	(-)	(360,000)	(360,00
Chitra Family Trust	(-)	(-)	(-)	(2)	417,600	417,60
Chitra Family Trust	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(417,600)	(417,60
Rahul Todi HUF		-		144	536,400	536,40
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(536,400)	(536,40
Ravi Todi Family Trust		-	•		396,000	396,00
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(396,000)	(396,00
Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi HUF	5		•	- (342,000	342,00
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(342,000)	(342,00
Interest on debentures		_	(4)	-	2,093,750	2,093,75
Ravi Todi HUF	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(2,093,750)	(2,093,75
Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi HUF	<u> </u>			*	2,093,750	2,093,75
oniumun ruman rum routiro.	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(2,093,750)	(2,093,75
Unsecured borrowings received			-			
Rahul Todi		(#)	8.00	12,725,000		12,725,0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(97,100,000)	(-)	(97,100,0
Ravi Todi	·*	1 2 00	(-)	28,100,000		28,100,0 (36,000,0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(36,000,000) 3,500,000	(-)	3,500,0
Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited	(-)	(-)	(-)	(36,200,000)	(-)	(36,200,00
Unsecured borrowings refunded	(-)	(-)	(-)	(50,200,000)		(3-3,2-0-50-
Rahul Todi	_	-	-	49,275,607	020	49,275,6
Acquired 1 Out	(-)	(-)	(-)	200000		(48,401,5
Ravi Todi		-	(-)	1.0	1	33,755,0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(24,734,800)	(-)	(24,734,86
Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited	-	2 = 3	(-)		•	23,118,4
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(73,800,000)	(-)	(73,800,0
Finance costs on unsecured borrowings						C 0.0.3 .0
Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited			6,023,074	1	(-)	6,023,0 (4,851,7
Management of the same	(-)	(-)	(4,851,792	(-)	(-)	(4,831,7
Purchase of Fixed Assets BFL EPC Limited (formerly known as Bengal Tools			200,409	100		200,4
Driver Chimica (formerly known as bengal 1001s	(-)	(-)		15/19	(-)	200,4

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Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.28 Related party disclosures (continued)

Dalatad	moreful.	trancactions	and	onitetam	line	halances	

Related party transactions and outstanding balance Nature of transaction/ balance	Co-venturers	Wholly owned subsidiary	Enterprise in which KMP has significant influence	Key management personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Loan Processing Fee on unsecured borrowings						
Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited		-	300,000	¥	~	300,000
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(8)
Unsecured interest free loan given						
Renaissance Maintenance Private Limited	(*)	122,920,000	0.00	8		122,920,000
	(-)	(50,117,292)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(50,117,292
Neobeam Properties Private Limited	· ·	247	(5 4)	*	*	<i>া</i>
	(-)	(-)	(250,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(250,000,000
Unsecured loan given			0.0		1	
Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	7 66	(14)	153,340		ж.	153,340
Sinderii Antiodis Reddii Frojecis Frivate Entitod	(-)	(-)	(200,000)	(-)	(-)	(200,000
Unsecured interest free loan refunded	ì.					
Shrachi Realty Private Limited	390	2(#2	1.0			18
·	(-)	(-)	(8,706,257)	(-)	(-)	(8,706,257
Brijlaxmi Paper Products Private Limited	3 € 3	(*)			:20	2.51
	(-)	(-)	(600,000)	(-)	(-)	(600,000
Renaissance Maintenance Private Limited	€¥E	63,070,775	-	= ()	S#8	63,070,775
	(-)	(113,385,876)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(113,385,870
Unsecured loan refunded			253 240		120	353,340
Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited		(-)	353,340	(-)	(-)	333,340
Interest income on ungaqued loop given	(-)	(-)	(-)			,
Interest income on unsecured loan given Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	2	<u> </u>	1,215,677			1,215,67
Smachi virtuous Retail Projects Private Emilion	(-)	(-)	(1,207,379)	(-)	(-)	(1,207,379
Premium accrued during the year on redeemable		()	(1,2-1,1-1,00)		, i	
preference shares						
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	697,921	2	¥	3#33	.061	697,92
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	-
Premium repaid during the year on redeemable						
preference shares due to redemption of preference						
shares Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited		=	2	-	141	_
Bengai Stiractit Housing Development Emitted	(9,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9,000,00
Haridham Construction Private Limited	(2,000,000)	<u> </u>		-	næ i	12
	(3,169,848)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3,169,84
Excess premium reversed during the year on		Ť	^-			
redeemable preference shares						
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited			· · · · ·	(SE)	#	:= :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	(659,185)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(659,18
Haridham Construction Private Limited	1.5					(565,32
	(565,320)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(303,32
Balance outstanding as at the end of the year						
Unsecured short term loans - receivable						
Renaissance Maintenance Private Limited		109,117,941			5	109,117,94
Action Dumber of the Dumber	(-)	(49,268,716)	1	(-)	(-)	(49,268,71
Neobeam Properties Private Limited	#	· ·	250,000,000	- `		250,000,00
	(-)	(-)	(250,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(250,000,00
Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	4:	*	8,048,648	-	-	8,048,64
	(-)	(-)	(8,248,648)	(-)	(-)	(8,248,64
Interest accrued on unsecured loan						
Shrachi Virtuous Retail Projects Private Limited	n.	a_,	8,702,865		200	8,702,86
	(-)	(-)	(7,608,756)	(-)	(-)	(7,608,75





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.28 Related party disclosures (continued)

Related party transactions and outstanding balan Nature of transaction/ balance	Co-venturers	Wholly owned subsidiary	Enterprise in which KMP has significant influence	Key management personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Unsecured short-term borrowings						
Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited	9		26,281,580	neo	±:	26,281,580
radia i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	(-)	(-)	(45,900,000)	(-)	(-)	(45,900,000)
Ravi Todi (interest free)		:=	·	5,610,200	-	5,610,200
Ravi Four (merest free)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(11,265,200)	(-)	(11,265,200)
Rahul Todi (interest free)	<u></u> "		-	12,147,824	*	12,147,824
Randi Todi (interest nee)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(48,698,431)	(-)	(48,698,431
Debentures outstanding at the end of the year		()				THE POST OF THE PROPERTY
					12 500 000	12 500 000
Ravi Todi HUF	2	***		-,	12,500,000	12,500,000
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(12,500,000)	(12,500,000
Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi HUF	-	240	(#):	- ()	12,500,000	12,500,000
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(12,500,000)	(12,500,000
Remuneration payable						4114 1441 1441
Rahul Todi	8	:#8	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	147,967		147,967
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Trade payables		2			1=0 <00	
Sri Balaji Nidhi	-	3		<u> </u>	453,600	453,600
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(226,800)	(226,800
Bhagwan Ram Sita Seva Nidhi		(元)			745,200	745,200
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(372,600)	(372,600
Brijlal Shrawan Kumar HUF		150			416,664	416,664
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(208,332)	(208,332
Brijlal Todi HUF	37	450			648,000	648,000
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(324,000)	(324,000
Chitra Family Trust	177.8	:*:			751,680	751,680
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(375,840)	(375,840
Rahul Todi HUF	-	175	. 7	3	965,520	965,520
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(482,760)	(482,760
Ravi Todi Family Trust	(#S)	27.0	()	8	712,800	712,800
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(356,400)	(356,400
Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi HUF	1,000	-		-	615,600	615,600
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(307,800)	(307,800
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	5,400,000	S=1	. ₹:	差	•	5,400,000
	(5,400,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(5,400,000
Retention money payable						
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	700,349	3=3		-		700,349
	(700,349)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(700,349
Interest payable on borrowings						COMPANIE AND
Nadia Printing & Packaging Private Limited	(#)	((*)	5,420,766	最大	•	5,420,766
	(-)	(-)	(4,366,614)	(-)	(-)	(4,366,614
Ravi Todi HUF - interest on debentures	1(0)	X to	5	20	1,884,375	1,884,375
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1,884,375)	(1,884,375
Shrawan Kumar Ravi Todi HUF - interest on	(4)	083	· ·	***	1,884,375	1,884,375
debentures	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1,884,375)	(1,884,375
Accrued premium on redeemable preference						
shares as at year end			1		1.50	0.700.01
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	8,580,016	-	Ti.			8,580,010
	(7,882,095)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(7,882,09
Security provided for loan availed by			1			#00 000 000
Bengal Shrachi Housing Development Limited	500,000,000	ž.,	•		100.00	500,000,000
(Refer note 3.27)	(500,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(500,000,000

Note: Amounts in brackets represent prior year comparatives





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.29 Segment information

The Company is operating in the real estate industry and operates only in India. The Company has only one reportable business segment, which is development of real estate and infrastructure facilities and has only one reportable geographical segment. Accordingly, these standalone financial statements are reflective of the information required by the Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting (AS-17) for the real estate development segment.

3.30 Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED') which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, there are no outstanding dues to the Micro and Small enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 as set out in the following disclosures:

	2019	2018
a) The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;		
- Principal	3963	-
- Interest	51=1	-
b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;		-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	п	-
d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	3.00
e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	9	í.





Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.31 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting standard – 15 'Employee Benefits'

Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employee salaries, in respect of qualifying employees towards Provident Fund which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligations other than to make the specified contributions. The contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as they accrue. The amount recognised as an expense towards contribution to Provident Fund for the year aggregated to Rs 2,523,736 (2018: Rs 2,183,445)

Compensated absences (Other long term employment benefit):

The leave wages are payable to all eligible employees at the rate of daily salary for each day of accumulated leave on death or on resignation or upon retirement on attaining superannuation age. The liability towards compensated absences for the year ended 31 March 2019 based on actuarial valuation using the projected accrued benefit method amounting to **Rs 587,193** (2018: Rs 851,440)has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Gratuity (Defined benefit plan):

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on death or resignation or retirement calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act.

The following table summarises the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for gratuity benefit.

Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.31	Disclosure	pursuant to	Accounting st	andard – 15	'Employe	e Benefits'	(continued)	

Gratu	iity				2019	2018
I	Net employee expense					
	Current service cost				1,172,808	1,098,512
	Past service cost				2	113,931
	Interest cost on benefit obligation	on			353,753	277,873
	Expected return on plan assets				(198,999)	(196,235)
	Net actuarial (gain) / loss recog	nised in the year			(811,522)	112,698
	Net benefit expenses				516,040	1,406,779
II	Amount recognised in the balance:	sheet				
	Defined benefits obligation				6,055,223	4,911,992
	Plan asset				3,841,851	2,487,492
	Amount recognised in the balar	nce sheet			2,213,372	2,424,500
Ш	Movement in benefit liability					
	Opening defined benefit obliga	tion			4,911,992	3,860,153
	Acquisition Adjustment				1,000,000	(= 6)
	Interest cost				353,753	277,873
	Current service cost				1,172,808	1,098,512
	Past service cost				π	113,931
	Benefits paid				(587,598)	(502,805)
	Actuarial (gain) / losses on obl	ligation			(795,732)	64,328
	Closing benefit obligation				6,055,223	4,911,992
IV	Changes in the fair value of plan				A 40# 40A	2 452 046
	Opening fair value of plan asse	ts			2,487,492	2,452,940
	Acquisition Adjustment				1,000,000	(#:
	Expected return				198,999	196,235
	Contributions by employer				727,169	389,493
	Benefits paid				(587,598)	(502,805
	Actuarial gain / (loss)				15,789	(48,370
	Closing fair value of plan asset	S			3,841,851	2,487,492
V	Actual return on plan assets					
	Expected return on plan assets				198,999	196,235
	Actuarial loss / (gain) on plan	assets			15,789	(48,370
VI	The Principal actuarial assumpt	ions are as follow	'S			
	Discount rate				7.66% p.a.	7.70 % p.a
	Salary increase				10% p.a.	10% p.a
	Withdrawal rate				10 per tho	usand p.a
VII	Experience adjustments: Amoun	its for the current a	and previous four 2018	r years are as fol	lows: 2016	2015
	Defined benefit obligation	6,055,223	4,911,992	3,860,153	3,488,039	1,357,320
	Fair value of plan assets	3,841,851	2,487,492	2,452,940	2,198,220	876,469
	Surplus/ (Deficit)	(2,213,372)	(2,424,500)	(1,407,213)	(1,289,819)	(480,851)
	Experience adjustment on plan liabilities [(gain)/loss]	(826,538)	182,967	(809,615)	201,810	(126,245)
	Experience adjustment on	15,789	(55,484)	45,506	17,453	15,363
	plan assets [gain/(loss)]					Bev



Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

3.31 Disclosure pursuant to Accounting standard – 15 'Employee Benefits' (continued)

Investment detail of plan assets:

Plan asset, for gratuity payable to employees, available with the Company is an Insurer managed fund by Life Insurance Corporation of India (100%).

Estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Assumptions regarding future mortality are based on published statistics and mortality tables. The calculation of the defined benefit obligation is sensitive to the mortality assumptions

The overall expected long-term rate of return on assets is 10.00% (2018: 8.00%). The expected long-term rate of return is based on the portfolio as a whole and not on the sum of the returns on individual asset categories. The return is based exclusively on historical returns, without adjustments.

3.32 Dividend on 14% Class "C" and Class "D" Non cumulative preference shares

The preference shareholders have waived their right to preference dividend in respect of the current year ended 31 March 2019 and previous year ended 31 March 2018. Accordingly, provision for preference dividend has not been created as at 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018.

3.33 The Company had taken 254.74 acres of land from Burdwan Development Authority (BDA) on 27 August 2010 on long term lease basis for 99 years with option of renewal for the purpose of construction and development of Satellite Township. As per the agreement the Company had with BDA, the Company had paid full amount as cost of development rights.

In the earlier years, few land owners who sold their land to BDA, claimed higher compensation from BDA.

The Company has signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) dated 29 August 2014 with BDA and Samity. As per the terms of the MoU, the Company agreed to transfer all its leasehold rights over a portion of project land not exceeding 30 acres and Samity represented by erstwhile land owners agreed to withdraw all legal cases/ other disputes. However, the final agreement between the parties is yet to be reached.

3.34 Disclosure under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

The operations of the Company are classified as 'infrastructure facilities' as defined under Schedule III to the Act. Accordingly, the disclosure requirements specified in sub-section 4 of Section 186 of the Act in respect of loans given, investment made or guarantee given or security provided and the related disclosures on purposes/ utilisation by recipient companies are not applicable to the Company.

3.35 During the year, the Company has given a loan of Rs 153,340 (2018: Rs 200,000) to Shrachi Virtuous Retail Private Limited which is in non-compliance of Section 185 of the Companies Act 2013 and the same has been refunded back. The loans given in the previous year to Shrachi Virtuous Retail Private Limited Rs 200,000 which were in non-compliance of section 185 of the Companies Act 2013 has been regularized during the current year by refund back of such loan amount. The Company is in the process of taking necessary steps under Companies Act, 2013 with respect to same. The management of the Company believes that the penalty to be determined is not expected to be material to these standalone financial statements and accordingly no adjustment has been made in the standalone financial statements.

Notes to the standalone financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Expenditure in foreign currency 3.36

2019

2018

Travelling expenses

106,950

341,413

Corporate social responsibility (CSR) 3.37

The Company does not meet the applicability threshold of CSR as per Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013

3.38 Operating lease

The Company has taken office on operating lease arrangements. Minimum lease payment charged during the year to the statement of Profit and Loss aggregated to Rs 2,949,480 (2018: Rs 2,949,840)

Disclosure on Specified Bank Notes (SBNs)* 3.39

The disclosures regarding details of specified bank notes held and transacted during 8th November 2016 to 30th December 2016 has not been made in these financial statements since the requirement does not pertain to financial year ended 31 March 2019.

- Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary conform to current year's 3.40 classification/disclosure
- The Company is in the process of appointing Company Secretary u/s 203 of The Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 3.41 8 and 8A of Companies appointment & remuneration of Managerial personnel rules 2014.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Kolkata

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Shrachi Burdwan Developers Private Limited

Director

DIN: 00080755

CIN: U45200WB2006PTC111545

Jayanta Mukhopadhyay

Partner

Membership No.: 055757

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019

Rahul Todi

Director

DIN: 00080441

Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2019